

## Kreatech™ FISH probes Product Information Sheet

KBI-10605 MYEOV/IGH t(11;14) Fusion







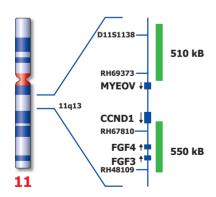


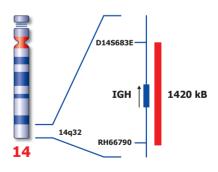


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## Kreatech™ MYEOV/IGH t(11:14) Fusion FISH probe

Introduction: Rearrangements of chromosome 11q13 are frequently observed in human cancer, usually

involving CCND1 (11q13) and IGH (14q32). The myeloma overexpressed gene MYEOV, mapping 360 kb centromeric to CCND1, was found to be rearranged and activated concomitantly with CCND1 in a subset of t(11;14)(q13;q32) positive multiple myeloma (MM).

Intended use: The MYEOV/IGH t(11;14) Fusion specific FISH probe is optimized to detect the reciprocal

translocation t(11;14) in a dual-color, dual-fusion assay on metaphase/interphase spreads,

blood smears and bone marrow cells.

The probe is recommended to be used in combination with one of the Kreatech Pretreatment kits providing necessary reagents to perform FISH on various sample types for optimal

results. (see also <u>www.LeicaBiosystems.com</u> and look for Kits & reagents)

Critical region 1 (red): Critical region 2 (green): The **IGH** (14q32) specific FISH probe is direct-labeled with Platinum*Bright*<sup>™</sup>550. The **MYEOV** (11q13) FISH probe is direct-labeled with Platinum*Bright* <sup>™</sup>495.

**Reagent**: Kreatech probes are direct-labeled DNA probes provided in a ready-to-use format.

Apply 10 µl of probe to a sample area of approximately 22 x 22 mm.

Please refer to the Instructions for Use for the entire Kreatech FISH protocol.

Kreatech FISH probes are REPEAT-FREE™ and therefore do not contain Cot-1 DNA. Hybridization efficiency is increased and background, due to unspecific binding, is

highly reduced.

Interpretation: The MYEOV/IGH t(11;14) Fusion FISH probe is designed as a dual-fusion probe to detect

both rearranged chromosomes der(11) and der(14) by two co-localized red/green or yellow fusion signals (F). Single color red (R) and green (G) signals will identify the normal

chromosomes 14 and 11 respectively.

Signal patterns other than those described above may indicate variant translocations, deletions on der(11) or der(14) or other complex rearrangements. Investigators are advised to analyze metaphase cells for the interpretation of atypical signal patterns.

	Normal Signal Pattern	t(11;14)
Expected Signals	2R2G	2F1R1G

References: Janssen JW et al. 2000, Blood, 95: 2691-2698

Warning and precautions: In case of emergencies check SDS sheets for medical advice. SDS sheets may be obtained by either contacting Leica Technical Support or visiting <a href="www.LeicaBiosystems.com">www.LeicaBiosystems.com</a>. DNA probes contain formamide which is a teratogen; do not inhale or allow skin contact. Wear gloves and a lab coat when handling DNA probes. All materials should be disposed of according to your institution's guidelines for hospital waste disposal.

Reagent Storage and Handling:

Store at 2-8 °C. Reagents should not be used after the expiration date on the vial label.

TECHNICAL SUPPORT Technical support is available at <a href="https://www.LeicaBiosystems.com">www.LeicaBiosystems.com</a> or +31 20 6919181

or via e-mail: kreatech-support@leicabiosystems.com.

CUSTOMER SERVICE Kreatech probes may be ordered through Leica Customer Service +31 20 6919181 or order

via e-mail: purchase.orders@leica-microsystems.com.